

RING IS STILL CROSSED OPENING BALLOT BOXES

Contestants Introduce Resolution that Demand be Made
For a Recount of All Ballots, but Later Withdraw
It—The Contest May Now Go to Court—A
Witness Claims that He Is Assaulted.

The indications are that the election contest will be in the district court within the next 48 hours. The matter will be taken before Judge A. M. Walcott of the 41st district court by mandamus proceedings, when a demand is made for the ballot boxes contested and a subsequent refusal of the county clerk to deliver them. Judge T. A. Falvey, representing the contestants, stated that he had already advised county clerk Park Pitman not to surrender the boxes.

Contestants Want All Boxes Opened. Friday morning much to the surprise of the ring members of the sub-committee, C. W. Marshall, one of the anti-ring members of that committee, introduced a resolution demanding the county clerk to surrender all of the ballot boxes, returns, poll lists, tally sheets, and unopened boxes, to the end that a full and fair investigation may be had of the entire election, and that the ballots may be recounted and compared with the poll lists, tally sheets and returns.

May Be in Court Soon. That it will be only a short time when the matter will be taken to the district court was plainly indicated by the anti-ring members of the sub-committee, and their testimony introduced before a formal demand will be made for the ballot boxes. The only question is whether a demand will be made for all of the boxes or only those which have been attacked by the contestants in their pleadings.

When it was understood that the contestants were willing to have all the boxes opened and recounted, the anti-ring members thought it over, and decided to take them up on the proposition, with the result that it failed.

For the purpose of shortening the contest, Mr. Thurmond proposed instead of introducing those witnesses who it was alleged could testify that when they voted their ballots were prepared for them, they were assisted in the preparation, and they stated to the party by whom they were assisted that they wanted to vote for the anti-ring candidates, and they were not able to do so, that they had been prepared for them, they requested that the affidavits of those persons be taken. It was argued that this would have a great deal of time, and that inasmuch as those witnesses would testify to those facts, he could not see why the suggestion should not be adopted. In support of his suggestion Mr. Thurmond stated that he could secure the signatures of more than 100 persons who voted in this way in precinct No. 7.

The suggestion was made soon after the committee convened Friday morning. Proceedings occurred when Lorenzo Cobos, a witness for the contestants, who after he left the court room was assaulted so he claimed, when in the corridor, and sound of voices interrupted the proceedings which were being conducted in the court room. Cobos after he had been arrested by state ranger C. H. Webster, was made a count against him in the proceedings. Mr. Thurmond stated that he was fighting in a public place, was brought back to the court room and put on the stand. Objections were entered as to his testimony by Judge Falvey, but Mr. Thurmond considered that his testimony should be included in the record, inasmuch as it would show that a witness of the contest had been assaulted after testifying in the contest. The witness had a cut over his right eye which was bleeding and which he kept continually wiping with a handkerchief as he was giving his testimony.

H. G. Van Hise, said to have a deputy sheriff's commission, and alleged to have been implicated in the disturbance which occurred in the court house, was arrested and charged by the state with assault on a witness, justice E. B. McClintock's court with assault, Juan Elias, who it was said was employed around the court house, and alleged to have been the man who struck Cobos, was charged with an assault on McClintock's court.

The blotter at the police station under date of August 22, shows that Elias was arrested by himself and charged with assault on justice E. B. McClintock, and was released on a personal recognizance by C. Ortiz. Van Hise was released on his own recognizance.

The case of Cobos was scheduled to come up for a hearing Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

armed with pistols were in the polling places while the election was being held; voters did not and do not know whether or not their votes were prepared as directed by them, as they were not permitted to see their ballots after they were prepared, and.

Whereas, The testimony as a whole casts suspicion on the fairness of the election and strongly indicates that the election did not result in a fair and honest expression of the will of the voters; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That this committee hereby demands of the county clerk all of the ballot boxes, returns, poll lists, tally sheets, and unopened boxes, to the end that a full and fair investigation may be had of the entire election, and that the ballots may be recounted and compared with the poll lists, tally sheets and returns.

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STANDARD OIL CAMPAIGN

Archbold Says He Wanted
Roosevelt to Know of the
Contribution.

NEVER HEARD THAT MONEY WAS RETURNED

Washington, D. C., Aug. 23.—John D. Archbold, pictured to the public as political manager and directing genius of Standard Oil, today took the witness stand before the senate committee investigating campaign funds, to tell his version of contributions to the campaign of 1904, no with subject of dispute being senator Pomeroy and former president Roosevelt.

Contributed \$125,000. When Mr. Archbold was sworn, senator Clapp asked him what contribution the Standard Oil company had made to the campaign in 1904.

"Well, it made two contributions to the Republican campaign in 1904, one to Cornelius N. Bliss, of \$100,000, and one to senator Pomeroy of \$25,000," replied Mr. Archbold.

"Yes, some time before, either at my office or that of H. H. Rogers," replied Mr. Archbold.

"You had a talk about politics and contributions and I said the matter would be submitted to our board. It was submitted later and the board decided to contribute."

"You were the man in the Standard Oil company who had charge of these political matters," suggested senator Clapp.

"Only in Pennsylvania and Ohio, where I had known the relations of our business," suggested senator Clapp.

Wanted "Powers" to Understand. Subsequently to these contributions Mr. Archbold said he talked with Mr. Bliss, not later than October 10, about further contributions.

"What was the result of these conversations?" asked senator Clapp.

"We decided not to make the further contribution."

"Did you have any conferences with any one except Mr. Bliss, whom you knew or understood, to represent Col. Roosevelt?" asked senator Clapp.

"No, I talked very freely with Mr. Bliss. I told him we wanted to make this contribution, but not without the knowledge of the powers that be. We would justify me in testifying by Mr. Roosevelt. Mr. Bliss assured me that this would be the case."

Heard of Harriman's Contribution. "Did you have any knowledge or did you hear such reports as you believed of individuals contributing to the Republican campaign fund in 1904?" persisted senator Clapp.

"I have no absolute personal knowledge," said Mr. Archbold, "such as would justify me in testifying. Of course, I was aware of the talk about the Harriman contribution, but I had no knowledge of it."

The witness said he had understood the Harriman contribution was \$100,000 or \$250,000.

Was Company Money. The Ohio senator began in an effort to learn more details of the \$125,000 contribution of 1904. Mr. Archbold said that he had talked with Mr. Bliss about it a week prior to the time he gave the money.

"Who was present at that interview?" asked senator Pomeroy.

"Mr. Archbold's recollection was that Mr. Rogers, Mr. Bliss and himself were there."

"We discussed the platform and the individual," he added.

"What was said about Mr. Roosevelt?" asked Mr. Pomeroy.

"Mr. Bliss told us of his attitude toward business interests. Mr. Bliss said that he thought Mr. Roosevelt would be a fair and conservative man when it came to the test and urged that the policies of the Republican party were the safest for the business world."

"It was because of his conservative views and your belief of the attitude of the Republican party toward the business world that induced you to contribute?"

"The party question was first," replied Mr. Archbold. "I was not a Republican. Mr. Roosevelt would fairly carry out party pledges."

"We decided that our interests as a business organization lay on the Republican side," said Mr. Archbold, "and it was decided that we would make this contribution."

Nothing was decided about how it was to be distributed. Later, however, Mr. Archbold said, it was decided that the money was to be distributed in the following manner: Senator Pomeroy was to receive \$25,000 for the campaign of Pennsylvania.

GENERAL TELLEZ COMMANDER OF TROOPS IN JUAREZ



"LEFTY LOUIE" SAYS "NO" TO SOUTHWEST

New York Detectives Are
Now on Their Way West
After Gunman.

"HIGHERUP" MAY MAKE CONFESSION

New York, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Louis Heinzel, alias "Lefty Louie," has been located in the suburb of a southwestern city, near the Rocky mountains, and two detectives of the district attorney's staff have been sent to arrest the much-wanted gunman in the Rosenthal murder case.

The authorities did not mention the name of the place.

Probe Blackmail Phase. The blackmail phase of the Rosenthal murder case is now being probed by district attorney Whitman, who has let it become known that he had obtained evidence implicating a police inspector and a civilian in grafting.

While Mr. Whitman will not commit himself it is known that he expects an offer of a complete confession from a man "higher up" in politics whose story will lay bare the graft system and whose narration will involve many others who have profited by blackmail, gambling and disorderly houses.

BURNS AT WORK ON "LEFTY LOUIE" CASE

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 23.—William J. Burns, who this afternoon, refused to confirm the report that Louis Rosenthal, alias "Lefty Louie," had been arrested, Burns admitted, however, that his son, Ramond J. Burns, was in the vicinity of Salina, Colo., working on the case.

WICKERSHAM MAKES REPLY TO ROOSEVELT

Refers Him to Article Which
States that Trust Is Actually Dissolved.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 23.—The controversy between Col. Roosevelt and attorney general Wickersham over the efficacy of president Taft's administration to the work of this administration was continued today with a statement by the attorney general.

Mr. Roosevelt said the attorney general "has shifted his ground very materially since he began his attempts to be the work of this administration in enforcing the Sherman law."

Mr. Wickersham commented to the effect that the attorney general had been "in the habit of saying that the Standard Oil company was the only trust in the country."

REFUSES REFUGEE TO ALLEGED DYNAMITER

Kington, Jamaica, Aug. 23.—A man whom rumors credit with having been the dynamiter of the ship *Corinto* at Port au Prince, Haiti, Aug. 8 last, when Gen. Leconte, president of the republic, was killed, has been arrested here on the German steamer *Syria* from Haiti.

Jamaican authorities here refused to allow the man to land and he will be returned to Haiti.

ISLANDERS OBJECT TO TURKISH RULE

London, Eng., Aug. 23.—In view of the impending conclusion of peace, the correspondent at Athens, of the *Times*, says a deputation from the Aegean islands, which have been occupied by the Italians, will go to Rome to present a memorial declaring the islanders will not accept the restoration of Turkish rule.

WHISKY AT CELEBRATION CAUSES ELEVEN DEATHS

Montreal, Aug. 23.—The supply of 11 deaths is now reported as a result of the celebration at St. Lambert, across the river, and it is known that a score or more of Russians who attended the affair are ill. The police are searching for the cause of the fatalities. It is expected that several arrests will be made.

Did Not Want Publicity. Senator Pomeroy wanted to know why the contribution had been made in currency.

TEJERIZ SENDS TROOPS TO PEARSON

Eduardo Pizarro Is Appointed
Customs Collector For
Mexico in Juarez.

WOUNDED REBELS TO BE LIBERATED

In view of the activities of rebels in destroying the railway southwest of Juarez, Gen. Tellez on Friday morning dispatched 300 soldiers on a special train over the Mexico North Western railway. They are destined for Pearson, but small detachments may be placed at various points below Juarez. There was no artillery on the train, only infantry being dispatched. Aside from the trouble below Pearson and the skirmish of Friday morning near Cumbre, no reports have been received by the commander at Juarez.

All orderly in Juarez. All is orderly in the Mexican city across the way. Business is resumed in nearly every branch, and civic and municipal offices are active. It is expected that before night the port will be officially opened by the customs house. In spite of the trouble below Pearson, traffic is running on the Mexico North Western railway as far as that point.

In the mayor's chair, all is becoming a well regulated municipality. Antonio Ruiz has been made chief of police in place of Benito Aldaz, who served provisionally at the rebel evacuation. Ruiz was chief of police just after the occupation of Juarez by Madero's rebel troops.

Pizarro Is Collector. Eduardo Pizarro has been appointed collector of customs at Juarez according to word received from the state capital. Senator Pizarro was the former deputy collector before the Madero revolution. He is well liked in Juarez, and his appointment is considered a happy one.

Will Liberate Rebels. Federal soldiers are guarding the two international bridges, lest some of their members care to visit El Paso without proper permission. A cartage being sent to Juarez to take soldiers through the cars returning to the American side. Few attempts at desertion have been reported.

Customs inspectors also are on duty on the Mexican side.

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SEEK TO EXTRADITE MAGDELENO JUAREZ

A request for the extradition of Magdeleno Juarez to Mexico was made by Mexican consul Lorenzo before United States consul Oliver Thurmond, last night. The consul in his complaint alleges that Juarez committed murder in the city of Chihuahua on January 19, 1912. Juarez is already in the county jail, where he was being held on a minor charge.

Juarez was connected with the rebels during the revolution.

WILL PROTECT LIFE IN NICARAGUA

State Department Says It
Has Precedent For
Its Action.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 23.—The state department is determined to extend its jurisdiction to prevent the loss of life and property in Nicaragua.

It is announced that if the naval forces in that country, reinforced by the large marine contingent now being assembled at League Island, and the several hundred bluejackets en route to Corinto on the California and the Denver, are not sufficient to assure that protection, more forces will be sent forward.

The state department is unmoved by utterances in congress, relying implicitly and confidently upon the long line of precedents where American military and naval forces have been employed without congressional direction in cases where American life and property were in jeopardy. The officials say that is the sole purpose of the landing of the marines and bluejackets in Nicaragua.

If the conflicting factions wish to fight, the American naval command will not attempt to prevent them, but they must choose other ground than the limits of a defenseless town with large American interests.

The reported killing of the two Americans, Dodd and Phillips in Nicaragua, is being investigated by the department.

REVOLT SUPPRESSED, SAYS MINISTER

Panama, Aug. 23.—The Nicaraguan minister to Panama, Manuel E. Velazquez, has received an official cablegram from San Juan del Sur, dated today, reading:

The revolutionary movement at Leon has been suppressed and communication with Managua has been re-established.

GUNBOAT VICKSBURG IS NOW READY TO SAIL SOUTH

San Diego, Aug. 23.—The supply ship *Glacier* and the collier *Prometheus*, weighed anchor and steamed south to join the California and the *Corinto* at the mouth of the Colorado. A few bluejackets who were left on shore by the California when the cruiser took her hasty departure, were on the *Glacier* in readiness to follow the other vessels southward.

CLAIM NICARAGUAN POLICY IS IN INTEREST OF WALL STREET

New Orleans, La., Aug. 23.—Gen. Francisco Altamirano, American representative of the Liberal party of Nicaragua, and Dr. Angel Urdarte, formerly minister from Nicaragua to the United States, have left for Washington, prepared, as the general said, to furnish proofs that secretary of state Knox by his present policy toward Nicaragua, is seeking to promote the interests of Wall Street.

ORDER OF THE GARTER IS
CONFERRED ON EMPEROR

FEDERAL TROOPS ROUT REBEL BRIDGE BURNERS

Captain Cervantes, Leader of Federal Command, Reports
to General Blanco He Dispersed Insurrectos Near
Pearson—Rain Puts Out Fire Started in
Pearson—Rain Puts Out Fire Started in Bridges;
North Western Train Is Marooned.

By Geo. H. Clements. Pearson, Chihuahua, Mexico, August 23.—That war is only just begun, was demonstrated Thursday afternoon when predatory rebel bands made foray to the south of Pearson and damaged two, possibly three bridges.

The North Western line in tying up traffic caused the train which left El Paso Thursday morning, laden with employees of the Madera Lumber company to return to their posts to tie up at Pearson indefinitely. The rebels succeeded in cutting through the federal cordon and reached the bridges at kilometer 284, swimming their horses over the swollen river at Rancho El Rucio.

The garrison at Pearson consists of 300 men under command of Gen. Jose Luis Blanco.

All passengers on the train which left Juarez Thursday morning, destined for Madera and beyond, are being cared for at the hotel at Pearson. When they will get away to the south, is problematical. Gen. Sanjines is at Nueva Casas Grandes, with about 1000 men. His irregulars are denoted by a green band around their hats and on their arms to distinguish them from the red banded irregular rebels.

All was quiet Thursday at Colonia Dublan and Casas Grandes. RAIN EXTINGUISHES FIRE. The train which arrived at Pearson Thursday, returned to El Paso Friday afternoon and the train which left El Paso Friday morning, will try to get through to Madera, picking up the Madera passengers, temporarily marooned here.

An exploration party sent out Thursday night, found that two bridges had been fired by rebels, but the flames were sent out early Friday morning to fix up the bridge was done. Repair gangs were sent out early Friday morning to fix up the bridge. The rebels operating between Pearson and Madera, are strangers in the country and it is said they are from Durango.

REBELS ARE REFUSED. Capt. Candelario Cervantes, commanding the expedition sent out Thursday night by Gen. Blanco, against rebel bridge burners operating south of Pearson, reports that he encountered the enemy in the mountains west of El Rucio at 8 o'clock Friday morning, killing three, wounding two and capturing 26, besides large quantities of arms, ammunition and many horses. He reports the federal victory was complete. He is in pursuit of the remnant of the rebel band.

PONCE AND CASARAS REPORTED IN FRISCO

Douglas Hears They Are
Shipping Ammunition
to West Coast.

Douglas, Ariz., Aug. 23.—For the purpose of securing the necessary arms and ammunition to carry the revolution, a successful conclusion, Col. Demetrio Ponce and Col. Felipe Casaras are said to have arrived in San Francisco, Cal., where they are reported to be most trusted lieutenants, and Casaras, the paymaster of the rebel army, crossed the line at Columbus, Cal., and crossed the line at Dominguez and Albuquerque and there taking the Santa Fe for California, where it is claimed that they will ship by water all the munitions of war necessary for the continuance of the struggle and the final triumph of the rebel cause.

The first ship load is said to be scheduled to reach the west coast about the time of the arrival of Orozco, from which point the revolution in the states of Sonora, Sinaloa and Chihuahua will be an impetus will be given to the whole republic to realize that the rebels are far from being whipped and ready to quit. It is claimed that the munitions of war necessary for the continuance of the struggle and the final triumph of the rebel cause.

The exodus of refugees has begun in earnest and all the passengers that can be carried are being taken to points on the line by the passenger trains Saturday a train, too, will carry a great number of people, and already the Americans are making their arrangements to leave.

MURDER CHARGE IS MADE AGAINST FUENTE

Mexican Government Al-
leges He Killed a Man
in Chihuahua.

An additional extradition case was filed against David de la Fuente Thursday night in the United States court here. The charge is that of murder, alleged to have been committed in the city of Chihuahua. The case was filed by S. Englekirk, assistant United States attorney, on advice received by telegram from the Mexican government.

The Washington authorities acted on advice from the Mexican government, which is said to be a request for de la Fuente's extradition to Mexico was made only last week. The case is said to be a charge against him, alleging robbery in the city of Chihuahua, on March 19, 1912, in a case of de la Fuente in the county jail, awaiting the proceedings in the first case, serving the usual 30 days of imprisonment customary for extradition prisoners. He is to be removed to a hospital in a few days to undergo an operation on his arm. The case was shattered by a bursting shell during the battle of Atotonilco, during the revolution.

REPORT REBELS EAST OF JUAREZ

Jose Orozco Is Said to Com-
mand Band Near the
Madrid Ranch.

Jose Orozco, with 200 men was reported to be between Bandera and the Madrid ranch, 45 miles east of Juarez. The report was received by Abram Molina, chief of the Mexican secret service, who has an agent located in the Molina to the east of Juarez. The men under Jose Orozco are said to be scattered along the river below Guadalupe and are expected to raid the ranches in that section.

SEARCHING OF THE WOMEN IS STOPPED

The searching for ammunition at the Santa Fe and Stanton street bridges has ceased, according to a report from the department of justice, who says the practice was stopped at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

L. L. Hall, of the Mexican secret service in El Paso, personally ordered the searchers to stop the work, and since then there has been no searching at either bridge of the women who were going to Mexico.

AMERICAN GUNBOAT IS ORDERED TO GUAYMAS

Washington, D. C., Aug. 23.—To protect Americans and their property on the west coast of Mexico from the brigandage of numerous bands of rebels, the United States has dispatched the gunboat *Vicksburg* to Guaymas, from San Diego.

The situation in southeastern Mexico continues so unsettled and alarming that several small gunboats may be sent from West Indian waters to Vera Cruz and ports to the southward.

WEST TEXANS TO JOIN EL PASO TRADE TRIP

Trade Excursionists Have 39 Firms Signed Up and Ex-
pect to Complete the List of 50 Who Will Make
the Pilgrimage to Arizona on the Trade
Excursion When Work Closes Tonight.

Trade excursion boosters are elated over the success of the canvass for names of business men who will make the trip through Arizona and New Mexico in October. There have been 39 names secured of men who will make the trip. This leaves but 11 names to secure and it is expected to have the active canvass completed this evening. The committee will then devote its time to preparing the schedule for the trip and completing the arrangements for making this the biggest and best trip and excursion ever made out of El Paso.

In addition to the El Paso business men, who have signed for the trip or have promised to sign, a number of applications have been received from towns near El Paso of men wishing to make the trip with the El Paso boosters. Joseph Kerr, of Sanderson, Texas, has written for a reservation on the excursion. Perry Shaffer, of Grand Falls, Texas, and W. E. Caldwell, of Alpine, have also applied for reservations on the excursion train.

V. R. Stiles, chairman of the committee, has received advice from the Arizona and New Mexico railroad that a rate of \$1.50 a train mile would be granted the excursion regardless of the number who made the trip. This is better than was expected and Mr. Stiles has written to the traffic department of the road accepting the offer. R. K. Minson, general passenger agent of the A. and N. M., has written that he will meet the excursion at Lordsburg, N. M., and would accompany it over his road. He has been invited by the committee to come to El Paso and accompany the train from here to Lordsburg, and then over the line.

The additional names which have been secured for the trip are: Southwestern Portland Cement company, Fred Weckerle, Globe Mills, El Paso and Southwestern railroad, chamber of commerce, Tri-State Telephone company, El Paso city, El Paso county, Joseph Kerr, Sanderson, Texas; Perry Shaffer, Grand Falls, Texas; W. E. Caldwell, Alpine, Texas.